# Ancient Indian History & Archaeology/Culture/ Asian Studies (A) Major Core Courses

SI. No.	Sem	Type of Course	Name of Course	Credits	Marks
1.	I	MJC-1	Political History of India (From Indus Valley Civilization to 319A.D.)	6	100
2.	II	MJC-2	Political History of India (From319 A.D1206A.D.)	6	100
3.	III	MJC-3	Socio-Economic History of Ancient India (From Earliest time to 647A.D.)	5	100
4.	III	MJC-4	Ancient Indian Art & Architecture	4	100
5.	IV	MJC-5	Ancient Indian Epigraphy	5	100
6.	IV	MJC-6	Ancient Indian Numismatics	5	100
7.	IV	MJC-7	Religion Philosophy & Political Administration in Ancient India	5	100
8.	V	MJC-8	Concept and Technique of Archaeology & Excavated Sites	5	100
9.	V	MJC-9	Political & cultural History of South East Asia	5	100
10.	VI	MJC-10	Ancient World Civilizations (up to 600B.C.)	4	100
11.	VI	MJC-11	Museology and Tourism	5	100
12.	VI	MJC-12	History & Cultural Heritage of Ancient Bihar	5	100
13.	VII	MJC-13	Pre And Proto History of India & Ancient Indian Potteries	5	100
14.	VII	MJC-14	Research Methodology	5	100
15.	VII	MJC-15	Political History of South India :750 A.D. to13thCenturyA.D	6	100
16.	VIII	MJC-16	Historiography of Ancient India	4	100

Sub Total = 80

## SEMESTER-I

## Political History of India (From Indus Valley Civilizati onto 319A.D.)

#### Course Outcomes

After the completion of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1: To explore original sources for the study of Ancient Indian History, Culture and Archaeology.

CO2: To raise consciousness about our Past and teach students to apply the learning to the present.

CO3: Prepare students for competitive examinations.

CO4: It also helps in developing future career in ASI Central & State, Museums, heritages, tourism,

Teaching.

Unit	Theory : credits (6)  Topics to be covered	
1	<ul> <li>a) Sources of the study of Ancient Indian History</li> <li>b) Indus valley Civilization</li> <li>c) Town planning</li> <li>c) Social .Economic and religious conditions</li> <li>d) Vedic Age(socio-Economic and religious conditions)</li> </ul>	15
2	Political Condition in the sixth century B.C.  a) Mahājanapadas and Republics b) Rise of Magadha Empire from the Haryamka to the end of Nanda dynasties. c) Foreign Invasions(Persian and Mecedonians) d) Achaemenion Invasions of India(Cyrus, Darius I and Xeraxes) e) Alexander's Invasion of India.	15
3	Mauryan Dynasty a) Origin b) Chandragupta c) Aśhoka d) Ashoka-Dhamma and its propagation e) Decline of Mauryan Dynasty	12
4	Post-Mauryan Dynastics a) Shunga b) Kanva c) Satavahana d) Cedi e) Shaka-Satavahana Relations	08
5	Foreign Dynasties  a) Indo-Greeks  b) Saka (westernKsatrapas)  c) Pahlava d) Kushāna e) Date of Kanishka	10
	TOTAL	60

### Reading List:

- 1. Raychoudhury, H.C., Political History of Ancient India, Calcutta, 1931.
- 2. Raychoudhury, H.C., Prācīn Bhārata Kā Rājanītika Itihāsa (Hindi), Allahabad, 1980.
- 3. Narain, A.K., The Indo-Greeks, NewDelhi, 1996.
- 4. Puri, B.N., India Under the Kusānas, Bombay, 1965.
- 5. Shastri, K.A.N., The Age of Nandas and Mauryas, Varanasi, 1967.
- 6. Tripathi, R.S., Ancient India, Delhi, 1960.
- 7. Vijay Kumar Singh, Glimpses of Early History in India Radha Prakashan, Delhi 2016
- 8. चौधरी, आर के.,प्राचीन भारत का राजनीतिक एवं सांस्कृतिक इतिहासए भारती भवन पटना,1992
- 9. मित्तल, ऐ.के, प्राचीन भारत का राजनीतिक एवं सांस्कृतिक इतिहास, नई दिल्ली. 1990

10. उपाध्याय, भगवत शरण, प्राचीन भारत का इतिहास, इलाहाबाद, 1962

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Vigay Kimar \$\square 14-6-23