EC – 1A Elective paper: Cell and Molecular Biology Time: 3 hrs

Full Marks – 70

Questions to be set in three parts representing all the five units. Part A will consist of 10 objective questions of 2 marks each. Part B will consist of five short questions (Four to be answered) of 5 marks each. Part C will consist of five long questions (three to be answered) of 10 marks each.

Unit I: (A) Regulation of gene expression in bacteria

- 1.1 Concept and basic mechanism
- Inducible system: Lac operon with negative control and Positive control (CAP/cAMP regulation)
- 1.3 Repressible system: Tryptophan operon and mechanism of attenuation in E.coli

(B) Levels of gene regulation in eukaryotes

- 1.4 Transcriptional control involving chromatin remodelling and genome imprinting
- 1.5 Post transcriptional control involving alternate polyadenylation and alternate splicing
- 1.6 Translational control involving Ribosome selection, translation inhibition, mRNA degradation and gene silencing (RNA interference)

Unit II: (A) Cancer Biology

- 2.1 Cytology of cancer cells and types of cancer
- 2.2 Genetic basis: Oncogenes and tumour suppressor genes.
- 2.3 Chromosomal anomalies associated with cancer

(B) Apoptosis

- 2.4 Machinery of programmed cell death
- 2.5 Extrinsic and intrinsic pathways
- 2.6 Control of programmed cell death

Unit III: (A) Nucleus

- 3.1 Functional architecture of interphase nucleus and nuclear envelope
- 3.2 Ultra structure of nucleolus: organization of rDNA
- 3.3 Nucleolar function: synthesis of rRNA, its processing and biogenesis of ribosomes
- 3.4 Mechanism of nuclear cytoplasmic exchange
- (B) Cell Cell signaling
- 3.5 Signaling from plasma membrane to nucleus: Type of signal (G protein and protein kinases), target cells and effector organs
- 3.6 Cell surface receptors of signaling molecules
- 3.7 Signal transduction pathways and their regulation Second messenger system

Unit - IV: (A) Genomics

- 4.1 Functional genomics: Predicting gene and protein function by sequence analysis
- 4.2 Genome organization in humans: The Human Genome Project, Main features of human genome
- 4.3 Gene therapy: Prospects and application

(B) Recombinant DNA Technology

- 4.4 Tools and techniques (enzymes, vectors, cloning strategies)
- 4.5 Construction and screening of DNA libraries
- 4.6 Application of recombinant DNA technology

Unit – V : Transposable genetic elements

- 5.1 Discoverya and definition: Ac/Ds elements in maize
- 5.2 Prokryotic elements: Insertion sequences and transposons
- 5.3 Retrotransposons and DNA transposons in eukaryotes
- 5.4 Mechanism of transposition (conservative and replicative)

SEMESTER - IV

mm	C – 2A Elective paper (Practical): Cell and Molecular Biology me: 6 hrs Full M	
	<u>1st Sitting</u>	
	1. Cyochemical demonstration of protein/lipid/carbohydrate/nucleic acids	15
	2. Vital staining of mitochondria	
2	3. Identify and comments upon spots (1-5): Cytological slides	10
	, and a spon spors (1-5). Cytological slides	10
	2 nd Sitting	
	4. Any one of the following	10
	(a) Estimation of sperm count from epididymal wash of laboratory mammals	10
	(b) DNA separation by agarose gel electrophoresis (demonstration only)	
	2. Practical records (including slides, charts, model, field work)	
	3. Dissertation and Viva-Voce	05
	si closertation and viva voce	20